Biosafety Levels (BSL) Guide



Biosafety Level Guide for Ascending Levels Agent Risk



Introduction

BSL levels consider the combination of microbiological practices, safety equipment, and facility safeguards needed for the study agent(s) to be handled, to help protect the staff handling the study agent(s), non-study associated staff, the public and the environment.

Each level **builds upon the previous levels** (BSL-1 though BSL-4) and become more stringent.



Standard Precautions

The primary strategy for prevention of transmission of infectious materials in the health care setting is how blood and body fluids are handled to protect health workers from unknown human pathogens.

See OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen Standard for additional details at https://www.osha.gov/bloodborne-pathogens

Will be implemented during subject administration due to the potential for BBP exposure.

<u>Suggested Minimal PPE</u>: Disposable gown (preferred) or launderable lab coat, nitrile gloves, eye protection, face mask.



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BSL-1



Effective insect/rodent control program



Trained staff (microbiological, assigned duties, and emergencies)



Current biosafety manual for work performed



Decontaminate work area after work or spill(s)



Proper medical waste management



Limit access



Biohazard signage



Closable doors



Use required PPE



Use hand hygiene



No eating, drinking in work area(s)



Windows do not open (if present)



Easily cleanable surfaces (non-porous)



Sink(s) for handwashing available



Minimize aerosol creation



Suggested minimal PPE: Disposable gown (preferred) or launderable lab coat, nitrile gloves, eye protection (agent/study dependent).



Examples: adeno-associated virus (AAV), plasmids, mRNA.

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BSL-2



Medical surveillance, and immunizations as needed



Extreme caution using sharps



Use of BSCs. In lieu of BSC use, additional PPE will be required



Extra caution to minimize aerosol creation



Suggested minimal PPE: Disposable gown (preferred) or launderable lab coat, nitrile gloves, eye protection, face mask.

• This PPE may be reduced if a BSC is used for study agent(s) preparation.



Examples: Adenovirus, autologous T-cells, Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), Vaccinia virus

BSL-3 & BSL-4



Have questions about BSL-3 or BSL-4?
Our experts at Shield Consulting can help!

Contact Shield Consulting, a subsidiary of Sabai Global: info@consultingshield.com

*Please note that **CBS does not review studies that fall under BSL-3 or BSL-4 containment**. For more information on these containment levels please refer to the <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u> (BMBL)

*Adapted from Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL) and NIH Guidelines